

Reticulin Stain Kit

IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC DATASHEET

This staining technique is used to demonstrate reticulin fibres.

INTENDED USE : IN VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE

DESCRIPTION : This staining technique is a metal impregnation technique used to demonstrate reticulin fibres providing contrast enabling even the finest of fibres to be seen. Reticulin fibres have poor affinity for silver solutions but treatment with potassium permanganate produces sensitised sites where silver can be deposited. This deposition of silver ions requires an optimum pH of 9.0. Post treatment with formaldehyde solution causes deposition of the silver ions as silver metal. Excess silver is removed by treatment with sodium thiosulphate.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION :

Fixation in routine Buffered Formalin solution is satisfactory. Paraffin sections at 5 microns.

REAGENTS :

POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE (0.5%)
SULPHURIC ACID (3%)
OXALIC ACID(1%)
FERRIC AMMONIUM SULPHATE (2.5%)
SILVER NITRATE (10% aqueous solution)
AMMONIA
SODIUM HYDROXIDE (3%)
FORMALDEHYDE (10% v/v) (Unbuffered)
SODIUM THIOSULPHATE (5% aqueous)

150 TEST

1x 50ml
1x 50ml
1x 50ml
1x 50ml
1x 50ml
1x 50ml
1x 50ml
1x 50ml
1x 50ml

** Number of TEST calculated according to 330 microliter per slide.*

CATALOG NO :

PLKit102-150

PROCEDURE TIME : Approximate 30 minute.

PREPARATION

Stock Solution

Pipette 5ml of Silver nitrate solution into a chemically clean flask. Add 1ml Ammonia solution, mix well until the precipitate formed just dissolves (this point is reached when a faint opalescence is seen). Add 5ml Sodium hydroxide solution mix and then add 0,5 ml Ammonia solution. Store in Refrigerator.

Working Ammoniacal Solution

Mix 1 part Stock solution with 2 part Distilled water.

Preparation of Acidified Potassium Permanganate :

Mix 4,75 ml of Potassium permanganate solution with 0,25 ml of Sulphuric Acid. Use 5 times and discard.

PROCEDURE

1. Deparaffinise the test and a known positive control section in Xylene and bring to tap water.
2. Oxidise the sections with Acidified potassium permanganate for 10 minutes.
3. Wash well in Distilled water.
4. Decolourise with Oxalic acid solution for 1-2 minutes.
5. Wash well in Distilled water.
6. Mordant sections in Ferric ammonium sulphate solution for 10 minutes.
7. Wash well in Distilled water.
8. Treat with Ammoniacal working silver solution for 3-5 minutes.
9. Wash well in Distilled water.
10. Reduce in 10% Formalin solution for 1 min, check microscopically and if under impregnated repeat steps 8-10.
11. Wash well in Distilled water.
12. Sodium Thiosulphate 1 minute.
13. Wash well in Distilled water.
14. Clear in Ethanol changes, Xylene and mount.

RESULTS :

Reticulin fibres :	Black
Nuclei :	Black

STORAGE AND STABILITY : This product is stable for 36 months when stored in +15 /+25 C

TROUBLESHOOTING : Please contact Patolab Technical Support by e-mail (patolab@patolab.com.tr).